

Bringing Up Father

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By George McManus



FINAL DIVIDEND FOR DEPOSITORS

Loss Sustained by Creditors Breaks Records of Past Fourteen Years.

SMITH FIGHTS EXTRADITION

Solicitor Norris Will Go to Birmingham to Represent State's Interests.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
 Raleigh, N. C., April 17.—A report to the Corporation Commission by Receiver Ed Pennington of the Bank of Tarboro, shows that depositors will get 75 per cent. This is the bank in which Cashier Hart defaulted in the sum of \$100,000 or more, and shot himself fatally, while Bank Examiner Doughton was there making the examination that brought to light his default. The receivership was created June, 1911, and upwards of \$212,000 has been collected and most of it distributed by the receiver. The final dividend yet to be made is expected to be 10 or 15 per cent. It is interesting to know that the 25 per cent loss that the creditors of this bank will have to sustain represents more money than has been lost in all other State bank failures in the fourteen years the Corporation Commission has had supervision of State banking interests.

Solicitor H. E. Norris went to-night to Birmingham to represent North Carolina interests in the habeas corpus hearing of Ector H. Smith in his resistance of extradition to answer the charge by the Corporation Commission that he is guilty of false reports, false entries and conspiracy to defraud in the banking scheme of the State Trust Company, of which he was president.

Attorney-General Bickett could not go on account of having to attend the conference of the legislative freight rate commissions and railroad officials here to-morrow, in an effort to reach an agreement as to concessions by the railroads to North Carolina shippers.

Law Firm Retained.
 The law firm of ex-Governor W. W. Kitchin and former Judge J. S. Manning has been retained by W. O. Tarver, to defend himself, if he decides to come back to face charges, and probably Ector H. Smith and the others accused by the Corporation Commission in the State Trust Company banking scheme, broken up during the past two weeks by the commission. Kitchin & Manning were retained by Mr. Pierce, of Augusta, some days ago, when he came here in the interest of Tarver, who, however, has not shown up since his attorneys looked into the charges that the commission is making against him and his associates. The hearing of C. H. Bowles and Dimit Lafoon, accomplices in jail here, are now set for April 22.

Freight rate figures and conditions in great variety bearing on the alleged discriminations against North Carolina shippers, are being compiled and otherwise marshalled in the office of the Corporation Commission here, in preparation for the conference between the legislative commission and railroad officials that meets to-morrow. The Corporation Commission is co-operating with the legislative commission, and its rate experts in the preparation of the case for the shippers with a view to compelling the largest possible concessions from the railroad officials. Chairman E. J. Justice, of the legislative commission, says he has no intention yet as to what the railroad officials propose to do, but remarked significantly that they had better do something very substantial if they would avoid most serious trouble.

C. W. Hillman, rate expert, and R. J. Millward and J. T. Ryan, assistants, and W. S. Craton, of Charlotte, rate expert for the Charlotte Board of Trade, are doing the special work of arranging the date of the legislative commission for the hearing. Secretary A. J. Maxwell, of the Corporation Commission, is aiding in every way possible.

It is thought now that the Church of the Good Shepherd, the beautiful Episcopal edifice in process of construction here for the past fourteen years, will be ready for the opening service in the finished church by November 1. The building represents an outlay of \$15,000, and is easily one of the handsomest churches in this section of the country. Its cornerstone is of marble from the Holy Land, brought for the purpose fifteen years ago by Dr. F. M. Craig, now pastor.

Governor Craig recommissioned Professor M. C. S. Noble, of the University of North Carolina, and Thomas M. Pittman, of Henderson, to succeed themselves as members of the North Carolina Historical Commission for terms of six years each.

The Port Barnwell Agricultural and Development Company, of Port Barnwell, Craven County, was chartered to-day, with \$25,000 capital authorized and \$10,000 subscribed, by M. D. Lane, P. D. Warren and Sylvius Parker. Another charter was for the A. F. & A. M. Johnson Co., of Lenoir County, with \$25,000 capital authorized and \$7,500 subscribed, by A. F. and A. M. Johnson and Mack Johnston, for mercantile purposes.

Young Servant Notice.
 Hon. James R. Young, Commissioner of Insurance, has served notice on seventeen of the building and loan associations in this State that if they do not file proper annual reports for their affairs by April 25 their charters to do business will be revoked. This notice is under the amended law by the recent Legislature, that gives the insurance commission closer oversight and greater authority over the building and loan associations.

Superintendent J. O. Anderson, of the Chowan County public schools, reports to the State Department of Education the success of another local tax election in the county for the improvement of the schools. It was carried by a good majority.

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good roads campaign that is on there for the issuance of \$500,000 in bonds. He made four speeches yesterday and three to-day, and is being accompanied by President H. B. Varner, of the North Carolina Good Roads Association.

STRIKERS ENGAGE IN FATAL BATTLE

Spectator Is Shot During Fight Between Rioters and Officers.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
 Paterson, N. J., April 17.—The silk workers' strike was marked to-day by scenes of violence, in which revolvers were used. One man was shot, probably fatally. He was Antonio Bischieu, a spectator of a clash to-night between a mob of 800 strikers and two detectives guarding the Wideman Mill. Bischieu was sitting on the porch of his home, 132 Fifth Avenue, when the crowd attacked the two detectives. The latter declared afterward that they fired into the air to frighten away their assailants. One of the bullets struck Bischieu in the back as he arose to enter the house, and he was taken to the general hospital. He is not expected to recover.

Edward Wire and Joseph Culletton, the detectives, were placed under arrest, and will be held to await the outcome of Bischieu's injury.

Antonio Cappa, who was in the crowd of strikers, was struck on the head with a stone and was also taken to the hospital. Twenty-three men who were present during the disturbance were arrested as witnesses.

Seventeen persons who took part in a demonstration at the Doherty mill on Straight Street were arrested. A mob of strike sympathizers tried to rescue one of them from Policeman

Bott, who drew his revolver and threatened to shoot, holding them at bay until the patrol wagon arrived. A shower of missiles greeted the patrol at Crosby and Sheridan Streets, but no one was hit.

The employers' committee refused to-night to confer with a committee of the strikers and strikers because the latter continued to recognize the Industrial Workers of the World leaders.

Several women workers and representatives of mill owners were attacked to-day by strike sympathizers.

The army of silk workers was increased to-day by 100 employees of the E. H. Kluge Textile Weaving Company in West New York, N. J.

At College Point, L. I., where 200 silk workers are on strike, there were several outbreaks of violence to-day. The strikers, who were organized by Industrial Workers of the World leaders, refused to return to work until the Patterson strike is settled.

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ists and Liberals, emphatically opposed any concession by the majority duly elected by the country before the threats of the minority. The Premier followed, but added nothing to his previous declaration, which seemed to indicate that the strike has accomplished nothing toward inducing the government to depart from its uncompromising attitude.

Two sticks of dynamite, with detonators attached, were found in the wood to-day near Brussels.

The Socialist organizations have opened dining halls in convenient locations for the provision of free meals to needy workmen. The strikers and their families generally are employing their time in working their gardens or making walking tours to neighboring places of interest, while the strike managers are organizing concerts, dramatic performances, moving picture shows and magic lantern lectures to instruct the strikers and to keep them out of mischief.

Many Factories Closed.
 Renais, Belgium, April 17.—Fifty-six of the seventy textile factories in this district are closed down.

Stock Is Exhausted.
 Alost, Belgium, April 17.—The end of the week will see the stock of materials in the factories exhausted. This will oblige their shutdown, throwing 5,000 employees out of work.

Antwerp Deserted.
 Antwerp, April 17.—The port of Antwerp is becoming more and more deserted. Vessels are not coming here, and the cars in the freight yards number about one-quarter of the normal. Several freighters sailed to-day half-laden; others were quite empty. The dock warehouses hold small stores, and no goods are coming in. The dock workers are keeping away from the water front, and as a consequence there has been no trouble. Even nonunion dockers are becoming scarce, and the Hamburg-American dock loading had to be done by crews.

The hydraulic machinists at the big Berchem telephone factory have joined the strike.

Rowdy Youths Active.
 Seneffe, Belgium, April 17.—Gangs of rowdy youths passed through the workmen's residential district here early to-day, breaking windows in the houses of nonstrikers. Other parties occupied the roads leading to the city and stopped nonstrikers from outlying

the northward. Chihuahua is inadequately defended. Coahuila, except in the extreme south, has practically been abandoned. The State of Nuevo Leon is protected only at the cities along the railroad, and there are none too many troops in Tamamulipas.

The rebels are practically in control of the northern frontier. Carranza and other insurgent leaders are demonstrating that they are working in complete accord. Columns are moving eastward and westward from Carranza's command to effect junctions. It is believed here that General Trujillo, the Federal commander, is in some danger of being cut off at points which he is attempting to hold along the National Railroad. The State of Durango is also overrun by rebels, against whom have been sent former revolutionists under Generals Campos and Campa.

Strength Is Increasing.
 In the south, where it was believed the problem had been limited to the Zapata brothers, the strength of the rebels has greatly increased. Most of the government correspondingly diminished by the defection of the rurales under the Figueras brothers, and a new revolt under Jesus Salgado, with a big following in the State of Guerrero.

Salgado has been counted upon to surrender. The government has sent into the south about 2,500 men, but no active campaign against the Zapatas has yet begun, possibly owing to the efforts which are being made to obtain the release of Pascual Orozco, Sr., now a prisoner in the hands of Emiliano Zapata. It is assumed that the inauguration of a campaign against these forces would be the signal for his execution.

Many Prisoners Executed.
 El Paso, Texas, April 17.—Bodies hang from nearly every telegraph pole along 150 miles of the San Antonio Railroad below Chihuahua City, report refugees arriving here to-night. Both the Federals and insurgent state troops are said to have participated in the execution of prisoners.

Because of a quarrel over the disposition of silver bullion stolen from a

villages coming in to work. Cavalry patrols have been placed on duty, but the gangs have thus far managed to elude them.

Huy an Idle City.
 Huy, Belgium, April 17.—This is the most idle city of Belgium to-day. Only thirty-four men out of a total of 3,100 are working.

Factory Workers Quit.
 Hasselt, Belgium, April 17.—Fifteen hundred of the 2,000 factory workers here went on strike to-day. They are the first to go out in the Province of Limburg.

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Because of a quarrel over the disposition of silver bullion stolen from a

train last week, Juan Desola, a former Orozco chief, was executed by order of Pancho Villa, whose men held up the train west of Chihuahua City. Desola had joined Villa in an expedition against the Federals.

From the Casas Grandes district come reports of wholesale desertions from the Huerta government.

Held for Ransom.
 El Paso, Texas, April 17.—J. S. Douglas and S. W. Applewhite, respectively, president and secretary of the Cananea Consolidated Copper Company, are held for ransom in Mexico, say private advices received here to-night. They are captives of either insurgent state troops or striking miners of Cananea, an American mining and smelting centre below the Arizona border. The ransom demanded is said to be \$500,000.

Orders for Release.
 Washington, April 17.—Secretary Garrison to-day issued orders for the release of the Mexican Federal soldiers and Yaqui Indians who have been interned in American army camps at Nogales and Naco, Ariz., since their flight across the Mexican border into this country. Their release is conditioned only upon their return to Mexico.

CAMP FOR CONVICT-ROAD FORCE.
 Site for Its Location Chosen by Superintendent of Penitentiary. (Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
 Amelia, Va., April 17.—Major Woods, superintendent of the penitentiary, has been to Amelia and picked a suitable location for a camp for the road force.

Amusements.
ACADEMY—Fri. and Sat.
 Matinee Saturday.
VALESKA SURATT
 IN
THE KISS WAITZ.
 With Eighty People—Sixty Girls.
 Prices: Matinee, 25c. to \$1.50. Evening, 50c. to \$2.00.

Academy—Mon., Tues., Wed.
 MATINEE WEDNESDAY.
 Wm. A. Brady, Ltd., Presents
Bought and Paid For
 By George Broadhurst.
 Prices: Matinee, 25c. to \$1.00. Evening, 50c. to \$1.50.

Academy of Music
 Three Nights, Commencing Thursday, April 24,
 Matinee Saturday,
SEATS MONDAY.
 The World's Greatest Dramatic Spectacle,
THE GARDEN OF ALLAH

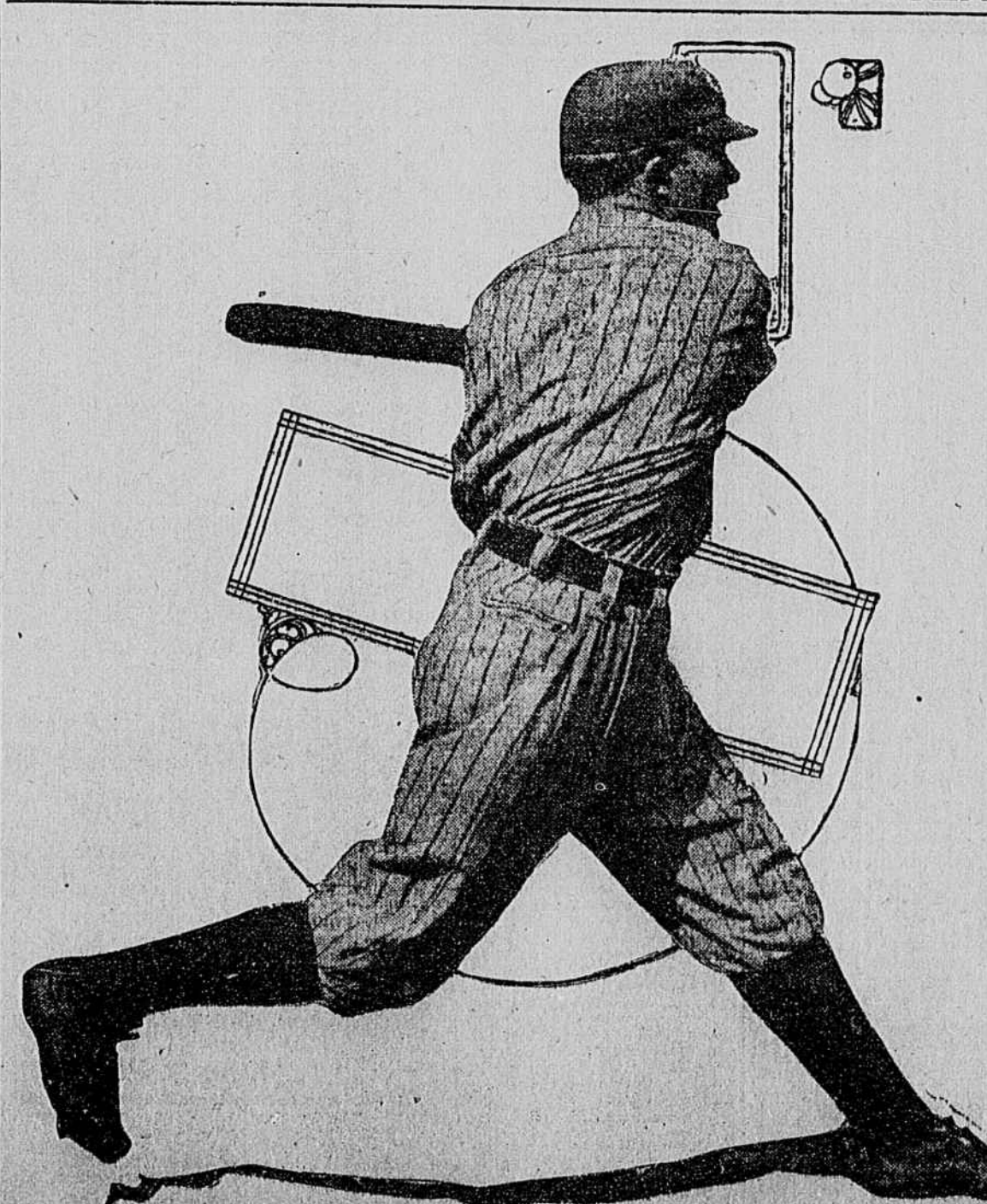
Notwithstanding that the prices in New York were at a \$2.50 scale, the following prices will prevail in Richmond: 50c., 75c., \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00.
 Mail orders filled.
 No orders taken by phone or seats laid aside.

THIS WEEK BIJOU Mats. Tues. Thurs. & Sat.
 First Time at Bijou Prices.
"Human Hearts"
 A Great Play of the South.
 POWERFUL, IMPRESSIVE, AMUSING.
 NEXT WEEK—"THE COMMON LAW"

Baseball
BROAD STREET PARK
 VIRGINIA STATE LEAGUE.
 Saturday, April 19,
Richmond vs. Petersburg
 Game called at 4:30.
 Admission, 25 cents.
 Grandstand, 15 cents.

Wednesday Club
 20th Music Festival
 May 5th & 6th
 NINE GREAT ARTISTS.
 350 in Chorus and Orchestra.
 NOW is the time to reserve seats.
 Seats, \$1.12. Corley Co., 212 East Broad.

RED, BROOKLYN'S HOME-RUN SWATTER



Red Smith, the hard-hitting third baseman of the Brooklyn Superbas, who has celebrated his 1913 big league debut by bunting out two complete circuit wallpops in the second and third games of the season, one against Philadelphia and one off Jeff Torrey, of the Giants.

Relieved Anxiety

A Richmond, Va., merchant was obliged to make a northern business trip, leaving his wife, who was recovering from a severe illness. He stopped over in Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York, and from each city chatted with his wife over the Bell Long Distance Telephone.

The traveler brings good cheer to the home and relieves anxiety through the Bell Telephone Service.

Every Bell Telephone is a Long Distance Station

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY OF VIRGINIA.

907 E. Grace St. Call Contract Dept., Mon. 9000